

Influence of ENSO on the west African monsoon

Temporal aspects and atmospheric processes

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CNRM Météo-France

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Introduction

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- The El Niño – Southern Oscillation (ENSO),
- The Atlantic zonal mode (or "Atlantic Niño"),
- Mediterranean summer SST anomalies.

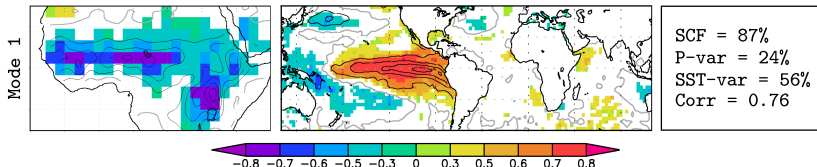
Introduction

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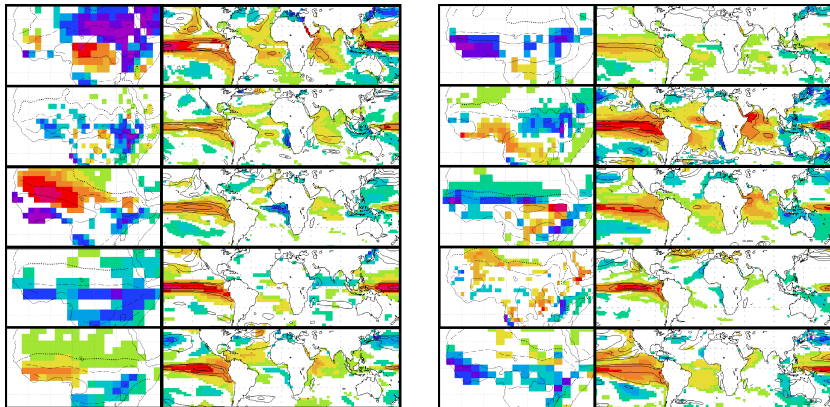
- The El Niño – Southern Oscillation (ENSO),
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Maximum Covariance Analysis

WAM rainfall (CRU) & Tropical SST (HadISST)
(filtered 1951-2002 JAS anomalies)



In **Joly et al. (2007)**, we show that SST–WAM teleconnections are quite different from one model to another:



The question is...

Why is the ENSO teleconnection simulated in state-of-the-art **coupled models** so different from the observed one?

Outline

① The observed ENSO teleconnection

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- 1 The observed ENSO teleconnection
- 2 The ENSO teleconnection in IPCC-AR4 simulations

- └ The observed teleconnection
- └ Selecting appropriate years

Selecting appropriate years

TELECONNECTION =

ENSO EVENT
(during the year)

&

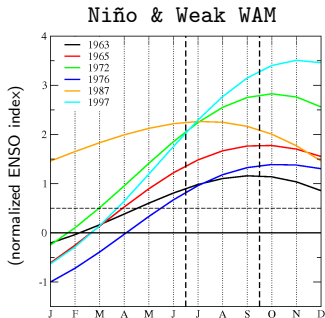
WAM RAINFALL ANOMALY
(of the opposite sign)

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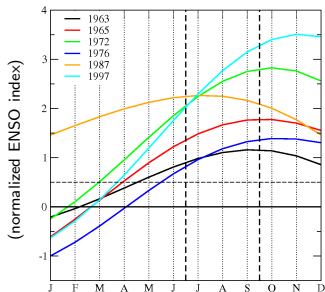
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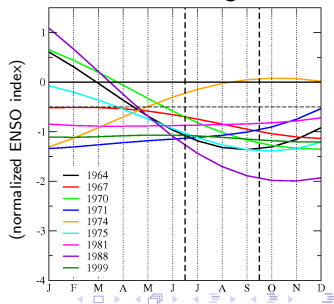
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Niño & Weak WAM



Niña & Strong WAM



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Selecting appropriate years...

SST anomalies in the equatorial Pacific influence the WAM:

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SST anomalies in the equatorial Pacific influence the WAM:

- At the **beginning** of some ENSO events (5 Niño & 4 Niña)

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SST anomalies in the equatorial Pacific influence the WAM:

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SST anomalies in the equatorial Pacific influence the WAM:

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The temporal evolution of Pacific SST anomalies seems essential.

- └ The observed teleconnection
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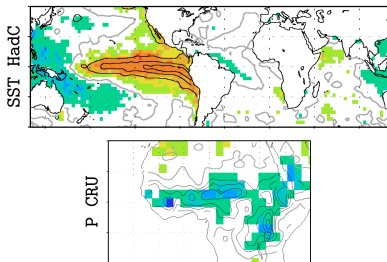
The temporal evolution of Pacific SST anomalies seems essential.

- ▷ What are the mechanisms of the rapid teleconnection that takes place at the beginning of ENSO events?

- └ The observed teleconnection
- └ Atmospheric mechanisms

(Niño-Niña) JAS composite anomalies

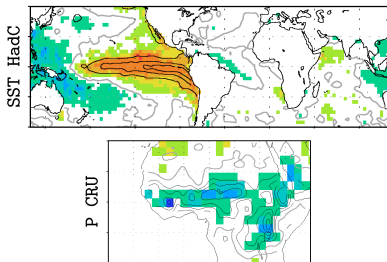
Observations



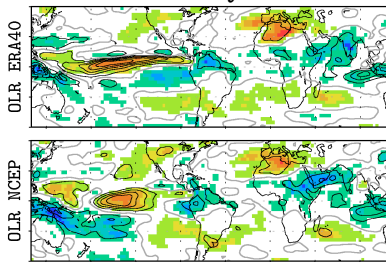
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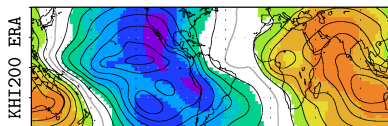
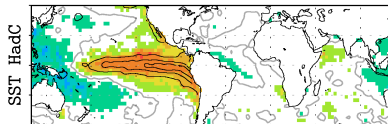


Reanalyses



- └ The observed teleconnection
 - └ Atmospheric mechanisms

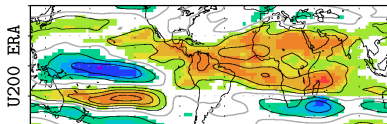
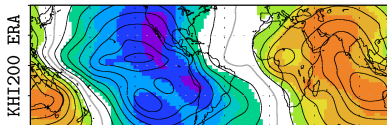
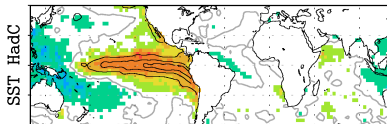
1) The Walker circulation



▷ Modulation of the large-scale subsidence over Africa.

- └ The observed teleconnection
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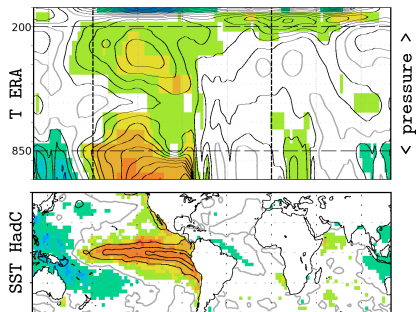


▷ Modulation of the large-scale subsidence over Africa.

▷ Modulation of the TEJ.

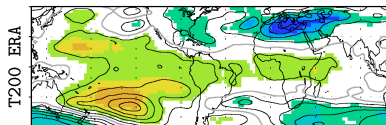
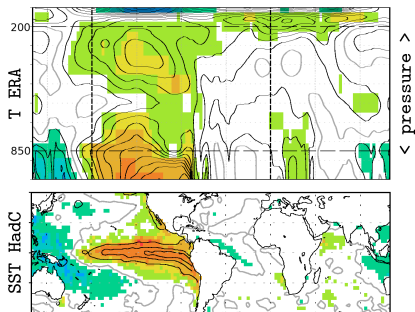
- └ The observed teleconnection
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2) Temperature anomalies



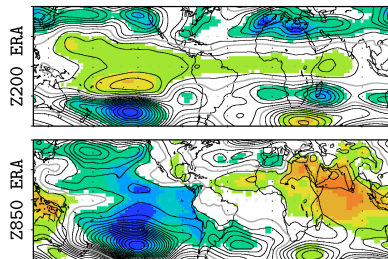
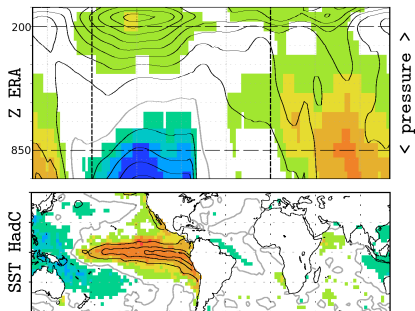
- └ The observed teleconnection
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2) Temperature anomalies



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3) Geopotential anomalies



The observed ENSO teleconnection

Atmospheric mechanisms...

- Changes in the Walker circulation over the Pacific
 - ▷ Modulation of the large-scale subsidence
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The observed ENSO teleconnection

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- Kelvin stationary wave in the **high-troposphere**
 - ▷ Temperature & Geopotential anomalies

The observed ENSO teleconnection

Atmospheric mechanisms...

- Changes in the Walker circulation over the Pacific
 - ▷ Modulation of the large-scale subsidence
 - ▷ Modulation of the TEJ
- Kelvin stationary wave in the **high-troposphere**
 - ▷ Temperature & Geopotential anomalies
- Geopotential anomaly in the **low-troposphere**
 - ▷ Modulation of the monsoon flow (*not shown*)

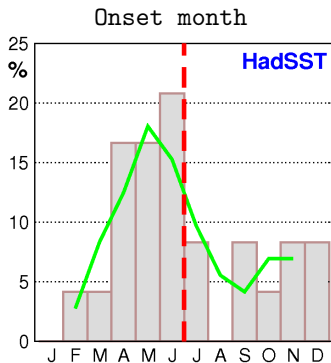
① The observed ENSO teleconnection

Selecting appropriate years

Atmospheric mechanisms

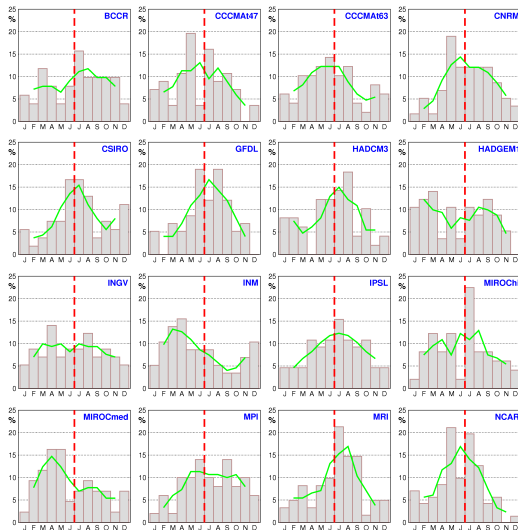
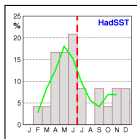
② The ENSO teleconnection in IPCC-AR4 simulations

1) Onset of ENSO events

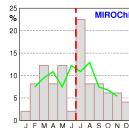
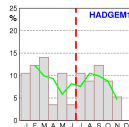
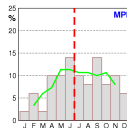
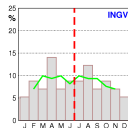
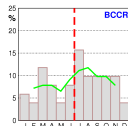
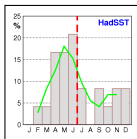


▷ In the **observations**, most of the ENSO events start in AMJ, before the monsoon season.

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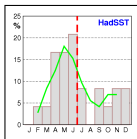


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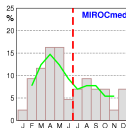
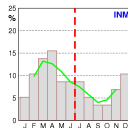


▷ In 5 simulations, there is no marked peak in the distribution.

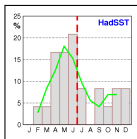
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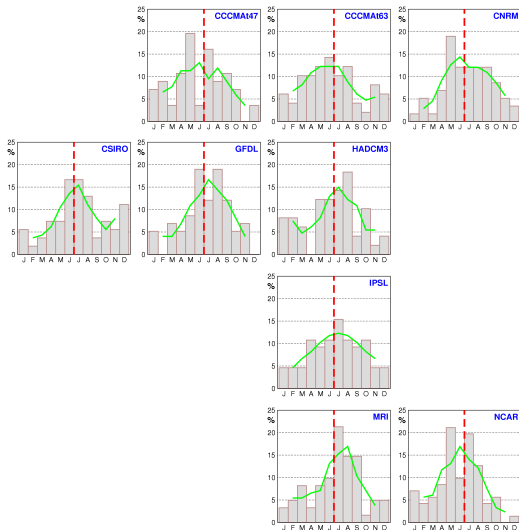
▷ In 2 simulations, ENSO events appear in spring.



1) Onset of ENSO events



▷ In the 9 remaining simulations, the peak arises **later** than in the observations.



Onset of ENSO events...

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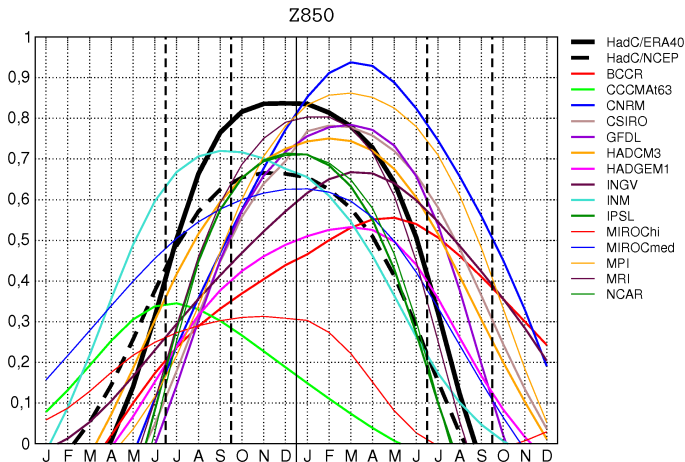
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- In most models, ENSO onsets are late compared to the observed record,
- 4 models show a striking Niño/Niña dissymmetry (*not shown*).

2) Time-lag of the atmospheric response over Africa

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Lag-correlations : ENSO index *vs* Geopotential over Africa



Time-lag of the atmospheric response over Africa...

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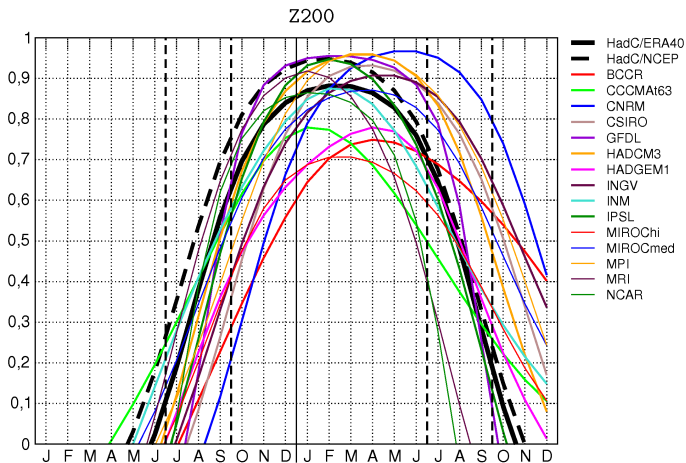
Time-lag of the atmospheric response over Africa...

At 850hPa, the response can be very different from one model to another:

- In 2 models, there is no significant signal,
- In 7 simulations, the response is slower (at least 2 months) than in the reanalyses.

2) Time-lag of the atmospheric response over Africa

Lag-correlations : ENSO index *vs* Geopotential over Africa



Time-lag of the atmospheric response over Africa...

At 200hPa, simulations show less spread than at 850hPa, but the response is often slower than in the reanalyses (one month on average).

- └ IPCC-AR4 coupled simulations
- └ Resulting ENSO teleconnection

Resulting ENSO teleconnection

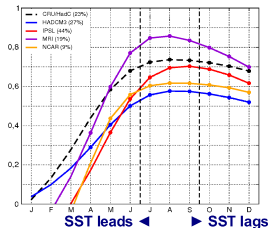
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- The **beginning** of ENSO events (in 4 models)

Lag-correlations: JAS rainfall vs ENSO index

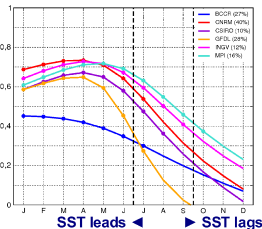
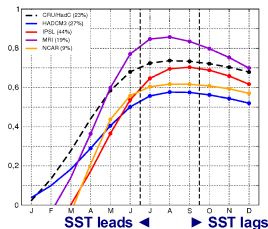


Resulting ENSO teleconnection

As a consequence, in the models the WAM is mainly influenced by:

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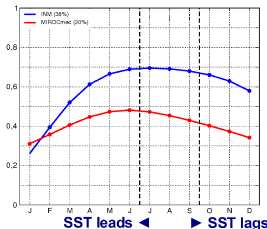
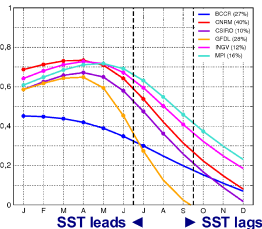
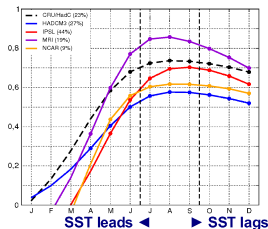


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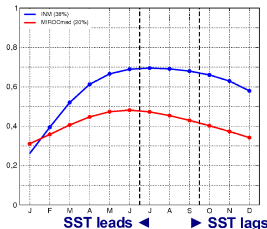
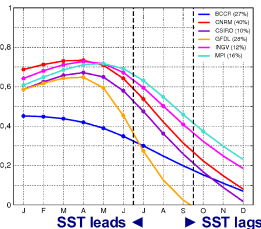
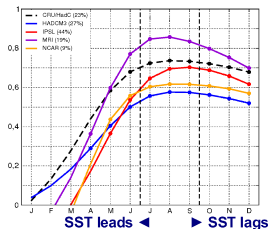


Resulting ENSO teleconnection

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- The **beginning** of ENSO events (in 4 models)
- The **ending** of ENSO events (in 6 models)
- *In 2 models this is unclear...*
- *In 4 models there is **no** significant teleconnection!*

Lag-correlations: JAS rainfall vs ENSO index



① The observed ENSO teleconnection

② The ENSO teleconnection in IPCC-AR4 simulations

Onset of ENSO events

Time-lag of the atmospheric response over Africa

Resulting ENSO teleconnection

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- ▷ We have shown that these temporal aspects are reproduced with difficulty in state-of-the-art coupled models.

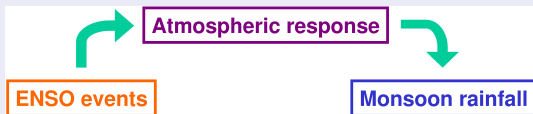
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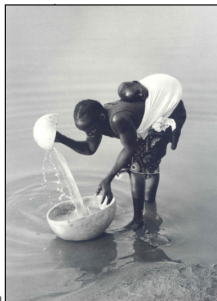
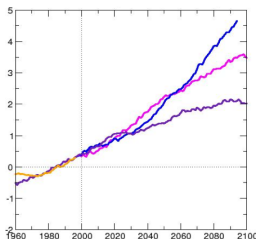
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Beyond these "timing" issues...

Very few models simulate correctly the response of **WAM rainfall** (sign and patterns) to ENSO-related atmospheric anomalies.



Thank you !



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